
SHTK

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SHELLS

Shells are used to abstract away the inner workings of shtk, and are meant to be the primary interface end users interact with. `sh tk.Shell` instances serve as the standard mechanism for building and running command pipelines.

1.1 sh tk.Shell

```
class sh tk.Shell(cwd=None, env=None, umask=None, stdin=None, stdout=None, stderr=None,  
                 exceptions=True, user=None, group=None)
```

Bases: `object`

A shell object tracks pre-requisite information (e.g. `cwd` and environment variables) necessary to run commands as subprocesses. A shell is also a context manager that exposes environment variables and other info to subshells and subprocesses, while also setting itself as the default shell within managed code.

Parameters

- **`cwd`** (*str, pathlib.Path*) – Current working directory for subprocesses.
- **`env`** (*bool*) – If provided Shell will use these key-value pairs as environment variables. Otherwise Shell inherits from the currently active Shell, or `_default_shell`.
- **`umask`** (*int*) – Controls the default umask for subprocesses
- **`stdin`** (*file-like*) – Default stdin stream for subprocesses (defaults to `sys.stdin`)
- **`stdout`** (*file-like*) – Default stdout stream for subprocesses (defaults to `sys.stdout`)
- **`stderr`** (*file-like*) – Default stderr stream for subprocesses (defaults to `sys.stderr`)
- **`exceptions`** (*bool*) – Whether exceptions should be raised when non-zero exit codes are returned by subprocesses.
- **`user`** (*None, int, str*) – Run subprocesses as the given user. If `None`, run as same user as this process. If `int`, run as user with `uid=user`. If `str`, run as user with `name=user`. Requires Python ≥ 3.9 .
- **`group`** (*None, int, str*) – Run subprocesses as the given group. If `None`, run as same group as this process. If `int`, run as group with `gid=group`. If `str`, run as group with `name=group`. Requires Python ≥ 3.9 .

```
command(name)
```

Creates a `PipelineProcessFactory` suitable for executing a command

Parameters **`name`** (*str or pathlib.Path*) – Name or path of the command to run. If an absolute or relative path is provided (must contain a `'/'` character) then the command will be

loaded from the specified location. Otherwise the locations specified by the \$PATH environment variable will be checked for suitable executable and readable files with the appropriate name.

If name is an str, then the name will be passed through `os.path.expanduser` prior to lookup.

Returns A PipelineProcessFactory node representing the command to be executed.

Return type *PipelineProcessFactory*

Raises

- **RuntimeError** – command cannot be found
- **RuntimeError** – command filepath is not readable
- **RuntimeError** – command filepath is not executable

cd(path)

Changes the default current working directory for subprocesses built by the Shell

Parameters **path** (*str or pathlib.Path*) – Changes directory to provided path such that managed subprocesses will use this directory as their default current working directory. If '-' is provided, returns to previous working directory.

Raises **RuntimeError** – raised if path is not a directory

cd_manager(new_wd)

Contextmanager for Shell.cd() returns to previous dir after exit

Parameters **new_wd** (*str or pathlib.Path*) – directory to change to

Yields *pathlib.Path* – The new self.cwd

export(env)**

Sets environment variables passed as keyword arguments

Parameters ****env** (*dict*) – List of key-value pairs that will set as environment variables for the Shell()

getenv(name)

Gets the value of an environment variable within the Shell

Parameters **name** (*str*) – Name of the environment variable to evaluate

Returns The value of the named environment variable

Return type *str*

classmethod get_shell()

Gets the current active shell from the shell stack

Returns The most recently entered shell context

Return type *Shell*

run(*pipeline_factories, exceptions=None, wait=True, close_fds=True)

Executes a series of PipelineNodeFactory nodes as subprocesses

Parameters

- ***pipeline_factories** – The PipelineNodeFactory nodes to execute. If multiple arguments are provided, then the commands will run in parallel.
- **exceptions** – Whether or not to raise exceptions for non-zero exit codes (Default value = None, meaning inherited)

- **wait** – Whether the call should block waiting for the subprocesses to exit (Default value = True)
- **close_fds** (*bool*) – If true, close_fds will be passed to the equivalent of subprocess.Popen() (Default value = True).

Returns Job instances representing individual pipelines. The length of the list will always be equal to the len(pipeline_factories)

Return type list of Job

evaluate(*pipeline_factory*, *, *exceptions=None*)

Executes a PipelineNodeFactory and returns the stdout text

Parameters

- **pipeline_factory** ([PipelineNodeFactory](#)) – the pipeline to instantiate and execute
- **exceptions** – Whether or not to raise exceptions when subprocesses return non-zero return codes (Default value = None)

Returns A string generated by the text that the final subprocess writes to stdout

Return type str or bytes

source(*filepath*, *, *exceptions=None*)

Use /bin/sh to source a file, then import the resulting environment as the shtk.Shell's new environment.

This method uses (approximately) the following kludge:

```
q = shlex.quote
exec = str(sys.exec or 'python3')
kludge = '''
import json, os, sys;
fout = os.fdopen(int(sys.argv[1]), "w");
json.dump(dict(os.environ), fout);
fout.close();
'''
args = (".", q(path), '&&', q(exec), '-c', q(kludge), str(int(pipe_fd)))
pipeline_factory = shcmd('-c', " ".join(args))
...
```

Parameters

- **filepath** (*str* or *pathlib.Path*) – path to file to be sourced. It will be converted to an absolute path before sourcing for compatibility with picky shells (e.g. dash).
- **exceptions** (*bool*) – Whether or not to raise exceptions when subprocesses return non-zero return codes (Default value = None)

Returns A string generated by the text that the final subprocess writes to stdout

Return type str or bytes

Jobs represent and control running pipelines. They are returned by `shtk.Shell.run()` and used by other internal methods of `shtk.Shell`, such as `shtk.Shell.evaluate()`. Provided functionality includes starting, killing, and awaiting completion of process pipelines.

The `Job.run()` method is also responsible for instantiating `shtk.PipelineNodeFactory` templates to create `shtk.PipelineNode` instances, as well as instantiating `StreamFactory` templates to create `shtk.Stream` instances.

2.1 shtk.Job

```
class shtk.Job(pipeline_factory, cwd=None, env=None, event_loop=None, user=None, group=None,  
              close_fds=True)
```

Bases: `object`

Instantiates `PipelineNodeFactory` instances to run subprocesses.

Job objects instantiate a `PipelineNodeFactory` template to create `PipelineNode`'s that run and track the progress of a command pipeline.

Parameters

- **pipeline_factory** (`PipelineNodeFactory`) – The command pipeline template that will be instantiated by the Job instance.
- **cwd** (*str or Pathlib.Path*) – The current working directory in which to run the pipeline processes.
- **env** (*dict*) – The environment variables to pass to processes run within the pipeline
- **event_loop** (*None or asyncio.AbstractEventLoop*) – The event loop to use for asyncio based processing. If `None` is passed a new event loop is created from `asyncio.new_event_loop()` instead.
- **user** (*None, int, or str*) – The user that will be used to `setreuid()` any child processes. The behavior is the same as that of the `user` arg to `subprocess.Popen()`.
- **group** (*None, int, or str*) – The user that will be used to `setregid()` any child processes. The behavior is the same as that of the `group` arg to `subprocess.Popen()`.
- **close_fds** (*bool*) – If true, `close_fds` will be passed to the equivalent of `subprocess.Popen()` (Default value = `True`).

cwd

The current working directory in which to run the pipeline processes.

Type `str` or `Pathlib.Path`

environment

The environment variables to pass to processes run within the pipeline

Type dict

event_loop

The event loop to use for asyncio based processing. If None is passed a new event loop is created from `asyncio.new_event_loop()` instead.

Type None or `asyncio.AbstractEventLoop`

pipeline

The running `PipelineNode` generated by `PipelineFactory.build` in `run()`.

Type None, *PipelineNode*

pipeline_factory

The command pipeline template that will be instantiated by the Job instance.

Type *PipelineNodeFactory*

user

The user that will be used to `setreuid()` any child processes. The behavior is the same as that of the `user` arg to `subprocess.Popen()`.

Type None, int, or str

group

The user that will be used to `setregid()` any child processes. The behavior is the same as that of the `group` arg to `subprocess.Popen()`.

Type None, int, or str

close_fds

If true, `close_fds` will be passed to the equivalent of `subprocess.Popen()`.

Type bool

property stdin

Returns the pipeline's `stdin_stream.writer()`, or None

Returns Pipeline's `stdin_stream.writer()`, or None if no pipeline is running.

property stdout

Returns the pipeline's `stdout_stream.reader()`, or None

Returns Pipeline's `stdout_stream.reader()`, or None if no pipeline is running.

property stderr

Returns the pipeline's `stderr_stream.reader()`, or None

Returns Pipeline's `stderr_stream.reader()`, or None if no pipeline is running.

async run_async(*stdin_factory*, *stdout_factory*, *stderr_factory*)

Creates and runs a new pipeline

Instantiates and runs a pipeline based on the `PipelineNodeFactory` provided to the Job's constructor.

Parameters

- **stdin_factory** (*StreamFactory*) – the `StreamFactory` to instantiate to create the job's default stdin stream.
- **stdout_factory** (*StreamFactory*) – the `StreamFactory` to instantiate to create the job's default stdout stream.

- **stderr_factory** ([StreamFactory](#)) – the StreamFactory to instantiate to create the job’s default stderr stream.

run(*stdin_factory*, *stdout_factory*, *stderr_factory*)

Creates and runs a new pipeline

Synchronously wrapper for run_async.

Parameters

- **stdin_factory** ([StreamFactory](#)) – the StreamFactory to instantiate to create the job’s default stdin stream.
- **stdout_factory** ([StreamFactory](#)) – the StreamFactory to instantiate to create the job’s default stdout stream.
- **stderr_factory** ([StreamFactory](#)) – the StreamFactory to instantiate to create the job’s default stderr stream.

async wait_async(*pipeline_node=None*, *exceptions=True*)

Waits for all processes in the pipeline to complete

Waits for all processes in the pipeline to complete checks the return codes of each command.

Parameters

- **pipeline_node** ([PipelineNode](#) or *None*) – The pipeline node to wait for
- **exceptions** (*Boolean*) – When true returns an exception when processes exit with non-zero return codes

Returns A tuple of exit codes from the completed processes

Raises

- **NonzeroExitCodeException** – When a process returns a non-zero return code
- **RuntimeError** – When called on a Job that has not invoked Job.run()

wait(*pipeline_node=None*, *exceptions=True*)

Synchronous wrapper for the wait_async() method.

Waits for all processes in the pipeline to complete checks the return codes of each command.

Parameters

- **pipeline_node** ([PipelineNode](#) or *None*) – The pipeline node to wait for
- **exceptions** (*Boolean*) – When true returns an exception when processes exit with non-zero return codes

Returns A tuple of exit codes from the completed processes

Raises **NonzeroExitCodeException** – When a process returns a non-zero return code

send_signal(*sigum*)

Sends a signal to all child ProcessNode processes.

Parameters **sigum** (*int*) – the signal to send.

terminate()

Sends a signal.SIGTERM to all child ProcessNode processes.

kill()

Sends a signal.SIGKILL to all child ProcessNode processes.

STREAM FACTORIES

`shtk.StreamFactory` subclasses are templates used to define the properties of `shtk.Stream` instances. `shtk.Stream` instances are pairs of file-like objects (one for reading data from the process, one for writing data to the process) used for communication with running processes.

`shtk.StreamFactory` instances are typically constructed via calls to `shtk.PipelineNodeFactory.stdin()`, `shtk.PipelineNodeFactory.stdout()`, and `shtk.PipelineNodeFactory.stderr()`.

3.1 `shtk.StreamFactory`

class `shtk.StreamFactory`

Bases: `abc.ABC`

Base class for templates creating associated Stream instances

abstract `build(job)`

Instantiates the Stream instance

Parameters `job (Job)` – job to use for current working directory and environment variables.

Returns The constructed Stream instance.

Return type *Stream*

3.2 `shtk.FileStreamFactory`

class `shtk.FileStreamFactory(partial_path, mode)`

Bases: `shtk.StreamFactory.StreamFactory`

Creates a template for FileStream instances

Parameters

- **partial_path** (*str* or *pathlib.Path*) – The absolute or `job.cwd` relative path to the file.
- **mode** (*str*) – The mode to pass to `open()` when instantiating the FileStream.

partial_path

The absolute or `job.cwd` relative path to the file.

Type `pathlib.Path`

mode

The mode to pass to `open()` when instantiating the FileStream.

Type str

build(*job*)

Instantiates the FileStream instance

Parameters **job** (*Job*) – job to use for current working directory and environment variables.

Returns The constructed FileStream instance.

Return type *FileStream*

3.3 `shtk.ManualStreamFactory`

class `shtk.ManualStreamFactory`(*fileobj_r=None, fileobj_w=None*)

Bases: *shtk.StreamFactory.StreamFactory*

Creates a template for ManualStream instances

Parameters

- **fileobj_r** (*file-like or None*) – A file-like object suitable for reading. None implies os.devnull should be used (Default value = None).
- **fileobj_w** (*file-like or None*) – A file-like object suitable for writing. None implies os.devnull should be used (Default value = None).

fileobj_r

A file-like object suitable for reading. None implies os.devnull should be used.

Type file-like or None

fileobj_w

A file-like object suitable for writing. None implies os.devnull should be used.

Type file-like or None

build(*job*)

Instantiates the ManualStream instance

Parameters **job** (*Job*) – job to use for current working directory and environment variables.

Returns The constructed ManualStream instance.

Return type *ManualStream*

3.4 `shtk.NullStreamFactory`

class `shtk.NullStreamFactory`

Bases: *shtk.StreamFactory.StreamFactory*

Creates a template for NullStream instances

build(*job*)

Instantiates the NullStream instance

Parameters **job** (*Job*) – job to use for current working directory and environment variables.

Returns The constructed NullStream instance.

Return type *NullStream*

3.5 shtk.PipeStreamFactory

class `shtk.PipeStreamFactory`(*flags=0*)

Bases: `shtk.StreamFactory.StreamFactory`

Creates a template for PipeStream instances

Parameters **flags** (*int*) – flags to pass to PipeStream constructor (Default value = 0).

flags

flags to pass to PipeStream constructor

Type `int`

build(*job*)

Instantiates the PipeStream instance

Parameters **job** (*Job*) – job to use for current working directory and environment variables.

Returns The constructed PipeStream instance.

Return type `PipeStream`

STREAMS

shtk.Stream instances are pairs of file-like objects (one for reading data from the process, one for writing data to the process) used for communication with running processes. If a stream is one way (e.g. FileStream) then the underlying file-like objects reader or writer may be handles to os.devnull.

shtk.Stream instances are usually constructed internally within SHTK, rather than being directly instantiated by the end user.

4.1 shtk.Stream

class shtk.Stream(*fileobj_r=None, fileobj_w=None*)

Bases: object

Base class for other Stream classes.

Wraps file-like objects to couple readers and writers to the same streams (where it makes sense) and more tightly control closure of the stream. Also functions as a context manager (yielding self) that calls self.close() upon exit.

Parameters

- **fileobj_r** (*file-like or None*) – A file-like object suitable for reading.
- **fileobj_w** (*file-like or None*) – A file-like object suitable for writing.

fileobj_r

A file-like object suitable for reading.

Type file-like or None

fileobj_w

A file-like object suitable for writing.

Type file-like or None

reader()

Returns fileobj_r

Returns self.fileobj_r

Return type file-like

writer()

Returns fileobj_w

Returns self.fileobj_w

Return type file-like

close_reader()
Closes self.fileobj_r if it's not None, then set it to None

close_writer()
Closes self.fileobj_w if it's not None, then set it to None

close()
Calls self.close_reader() and self.close_writer()

4.2 shtk.FileStream

class shtk.FileStream(*path, mode, user=None, group=None*)

Bases: [shtk.Stream.Stream](#)

Opens a file for reading or writing

Parameters

- **path** (*str* or *pathlib.Path*) – The path of the file to open.
- **mode** (*str*) – Mode passed to open() when opening the file. If mode contains 'r' then the file will be opened for reading. If the mode contains 'w' or 'a' it will be opened for writing.
- **user** (*None, int, str*) – The user that will own the file (if 'w' in mode). If user is an int, the file will be chown'd to the user whose uid=user. If user is an str, the file will be chown'd to the user whose name=user.
- **group** (*None, int, str*) – The group that will own the file (if 'w' in mode). If group is an int, the file will be chown'd to the group whose gid=group. If group is an str, the file will be chown'd to the group whose name=group.

close()
Calls self.close_reader() and self.close_writer()

close_reader()
Closes self.fileobj_r if it's not None, then set it to None

close_writer()
Closes self.fileobj_w if it's not None, then set it to None

reader()
Returns fileobj_r

Returns self.fileobj_r

Return type file-like

writer()
Returns fileobj_w

Returns self.fileobj_w

Return type file-like

4.3 shtk.ManualStream

class `sh tk.ManualStream`(*fileobj_r=None, fileobj_w=None*)

Bases: `sh tk.Stream.Stream`

Uses provided file-like objects for `fileobj_r` and `fileobj_w`.

Note: The files will not be manually closed even when `close_reader()` or `close_writer()` are called. Closing the files is the responsibility of the caller.

Parameters

- **fileobj_r** (*file-like*) – The file-like object to use for `self.fileobj_r`.
- **fileobj_w** (*file-like*) – The file-like object to use for `self.fileobj_w`.

`close_r`

Whether the reader should be closed when `close_reader()` is called.

Type boolean

`close_w`

Whether the writer should be closed when `close_writer()` is called.

Type boolean

`close_reader()`

Close the reader only if it wasn't provided at instantiation.

`close_writer()`

Close the writer only if it wasn't provided at instantiation.

`close()`

Calls `self.close_reader()` and `self.close_writer()`

`reader()`

Returns `fileobj_r`

Returns `self.fileobj_r`

Return type file-like

`writer()`

Returns `fileobj_w`

Returns `self.fileobj_w`

Return type file-like

4.4 `shtk.NullStream`

class `shtk.NullStream`

Bases: `shtk.Stream.Stream`

Opens `os.devnull` for both reading and writing

close()

Calls `self.close_reader()` and `self.close_writer()`

close_reader()

Closes `self.fileobj_r` if it's not `None`, then set it to `None`

close_writer()

Closes `self.fileobj_w` if it's not `None`, then set it to `None`

reader()

Returns `fileobj_r`

Returns `self.fileobj_r`

Return type file-like

writer()

Returns `fileobj_w`

Returns `self.fileobj_w`

Return type file-like

4.5 `shtk.PipeStream`

class `shtk.PipeStream(binary=False, flags=0)`

Bases: `shtk.Stream.Stream`

Creates an `os.pipe2()` suitable for communicating between processes

Parameters

- **binary** (*boolean*) – Whether the streams should be opened in binary mode (Default value = `False`).
- **flags** (*int*) – Flags to pass to `os.pipe2` in addition to `os.O_CLOEXEC` (Default value = `0`).
- **user** (*None, int, str*) – The user that will own the pipe. If user is an `int`, the file will be chown'd to the user whose `uid=user`. If user is an `str`, the file will be chown'd to the user whose `name=user`.
- **group** (*None, int, str*) – The group that will own the pipe. If group is an `int`, the file will be chown'd to the group whose `gid=group`. If group is an `str`, the file will be chown'd to the group whose `name=group`.

close()

Calls `self.close_reader()` and `self.close_writer()`

close_reader()

Closes `self.fileobj_r` if it's not `None`, then set it to `None`

close_writer()

Closes `self.fileobj_w` if it's not `None`, then set it to `None`

reader()

Returns fileobj_r

Returns self.fileobj_r

Return type file-like

writer()

Returns fileobj_w

Returns self.fileobj_w

Return type file-like

PIPELINE NODE FACTORIES

`shtk.PipelineNodeFactory` subclasses are templates used to define the properties of `shtk.PipelineNode` instances. `shtk.PipelineNode` instances are nodes within a directed acyclic graph (DAG) that represent a process pipeline.

`shtk.PipelineNodeFactory` instances are useful because they enable (1) running process pipelines multiple times (2) displaying the commands that will be run as part of the pipeline prior to executing the command and (3) composing partial pipelines into more complex process pipelines.

`PipelineNodeFactory` instances are usually constructed by a `shtk.Shell.command()`, or by using the pipe operator to connect multiple `PipelineProcessFactory` instances together into a single process pipeline.

5.1 `shtk.PipelineNodeFactory`

class `shtk.PipelineNodeFactory`(*stdin_factory=None, stdout_factory=None, stderr_factory=None*)

Bases: `abc.ABC`

Abstract base class defining a template for building `PipelineNode`'s

Parameters

- **`stdin_factory`** (*None* or `StreamFactory`) – Template for `stdin` `Stream`'s (Default value: `None`)
- **`stdout_factory`** (*None* or `StreamFactory`) – Template for `stdout` `Stream`'s (Default value: `None`)
- **`stderr_factory`** (*None* or `StreamFactory`) – Template for `stderr` `Stream`'s (Default value: `None`)

`stdin_factory`

Template for `stdin` `Stream`'s (Default value: `None`)

Type `None` or `StreamFactory`

`stdout_factory`

Template for `stdout` `Stream`'s (Default value: `None`)

Type `None` or `StreamFactory`

`stderr_factory`

Template for `stderr` `Stream`'s (Default value: `None`)

Type `None` or `StreamFactory`

`children`

templates for children

Type list of `PipelineNodeFactory`

stdin(*arg*, *mode*='r')

Sets the stdin stream factory (in-place)

Parameters

- **arg** (*str*, *pathlib.Path*, *StreamFactory*, or *None*) – If *arg* is an *str* or *pathlib.Path*, it is treated as a filename and *stdin* will be read from that file.

If *arg* is a *StreamFactory* it is used directly to create streams for *stdin*.If *None*, *stdin* reads from *os.devnull*

- **mode** – The mode in which to open the file, if opened. Only relevant if *arg* is a *str* or *pathlib.Path*. Must be one of ('r', 'rb'). (Default value = 'r')

Returns Altered self**Return type** *PipelineNodeFactory***stdout**(*arg*, *mode*='w')

Sets the stdout stream factory (in-place)

Parameters

- **arg** (*str*, *pathlib.Path*, *StreamFactory*, or *None*) – If *arg* is an *str* or *pathlib.Path*, it is treated as a filename and *stdout* will write to that file.

If *arg* is a *StreamFactory* it is used directly to create streams for *stdout*.If *None*, *stdout* writes to *os.devnull*

- **mode** – The mode in which to open the file, if opened. Only relevant if *arg* is a *str* or *pathlib.Path*. Must be one of ('w', 'wb', 'a', 'ab'). (Default value = 'w')

Returns Altered self**Return type** *PipelineNodeFactory***stderr**(*arg*, *mode*='w')

Sets the stderr stream factory (in-place)

Parameters

- **arg** (*str*, *pathlib.Path*, *StreamFactory*, or *None*) – If *arg* is an *str* or *pathlib.Path*, it is treated as a filename and *stderr* will write to that file.

If *arg* is a *StreamFactory* it is used directly to create streams for *stderr*.If *None*, *stderr* writes to *os.devnull*

- **mode** – The mode in which to open the file, if opened. Only relevant if *arg* is a *str* or *pathlib.Path*. Must be one of ('w', 'wb', 'a', 'ab'). (Default value = 'w')

Returns Altered self**Return type** *PipelineNodeFactory***async build**(*job*, *stdin_stream*=*None*, *stdout_stream*=*None*, *stderr_stream*=*None*)Creates and executes *PipelineNode*'s and self-defined *StreamFactories*If *self.std{in,out,err}_factory* is defined, it is passed to the child as the preferred stream. Otherwise the *std{in,out,err}_stream* parameters are used.**Parameters**

- **job** (*Job*) – job from which to pull environment variables, current working directory, etc.
- **stdin_stream** (*Stream*) – Stream instance to pass to *PipelineNode* as *stdin*

- **stdout_stream** (*Stream*) – Stream instance to pass to PipelineNode as stdout
- **stderr_stream** (*Stream*) – Stream instance to pass to PipelineNode as stderr

Returns The constructed PipelineNode instance

Return type *PipelineNode*

abstract async build_inner(*job, stdin_stream, stdout_stream, stderr_stream*)

Abstract method used for instantiating PipelineNodes. This method is wrapped by build() which handles stream management prior to passing them to build_inner().

Parameters

- **job** (*Job*) – The job from which to pull the current working directory and environment variables for subprocesses.
- **stdin_stream** (*Stream*) – The Stream instance to be used as the PipelineNode's stdin_stream.
- **stdout_stream** (*Stream*) – The Stream instance to be used as the PipelineNode's stdout_stream.
- **stderr_stream** (*Stream*) – The Stream instance to be used as the PipelineNode's stderr_stream.

Returns An instantiated PipelineNode.

Return type *PipelineNode*

5.2 shtk.PipelineChannelFactory

class shtk.PipelineChannelFactory(*left, right, **kwargs*)

Bases: *shtk.PipelineNodeFactory.PipelineNodeFactory*

PipelineChannelFactory is a template for creating PipelineChannel.

PipelineChannelFactory creates PipelineChannel instances representing a chain of subprocesses with each feeding stdout to the next subprocess's stdin.

Parameters

- **left** (*PipelineNodeFactory*) – A PipelineNodeFactory that will create a series of processes that should write to stdout.
- **right** (*PipelineNodeFactory*) – A PipelineNodeFactory that will create a series of processes that should read from stdin.

left

A PipelineNodeFactory that will create a series of processes that should write to stdout.

Type *PipelineNodeFactory*

right

A PipelineNodeFactory that will create a series of processes that should read from stdin.

Type *PipelineNodeFactory*

children

[left, right]

Type list of PipelineNodeFactory

pipe_stream

The PipeStreamFactory that will be used to redirect left's stdout to right's stdin.

Type *PipeStreamFactory*

async build_inner(*job, stdin_stream, stdout_stream, stderr_stream*)

Instantiates a PipelineChannel

async build(*job, stdin_stream=None, stdout_stream=None, stderr_stream=None*)

Creates and executes PipelineNode's and self-defined StreamFactories

If self.std{in,out,err}_factory is defined, it is passed to the child as the preferred stream. Otherwise the std{in,out,err}_stream parameters are used.

Parameters

- **job** (*Job*) – job from which to pull environment variables, current working directory, etc.
- **stdin_stream** (*Stream*) – Stream instance to pass to PipelineNode as stdin
- **stdout_stream** (*Stream*) – Stream instance to pass to PipelineNode as stdout
- **stderr_stream** (*Stream*) – Stream instance to pass to PipelineNode as stderr

Returns The constructed PipelineNode instance

Return type *PipelineNode*

stderr(*arg, mode='w'*)

Sets the stderr stream factory (in-place)

Parameters

- **arg** (*str, pathlib.Path, StreamFactory, or None*) – If arg is an str or path-lib.Path, it is treated as a filename and stderr will write to that file.
If arg is a StreamFactory it is used directly to create streams for stderr.
If None, stderr writes to os.devnull
- **mode** – The mode in which to open the file, if opened. Only relevant if arg is a str or path-lib.Path. Must be one of ('w', 'wb', 'a', 'ab'). (Default value = 'w')

Returns Altered self

Return type *PipelineNodeFactory*

stdin(*arg, mode='r'*)

Sets the stdin stream factory (in-place)

Parameters

- **arg** (*str, pathlib.Path, StreamFactory, or None*) – If arg is an str or path-lib.Path, it is treated as a filename and stdin will be read from that file.
If arg is a StreamFactory it is used directly to create streams for stdin.
If None, stdin reads from os.devnull
- **mode** – The mode in which to open the file, if opened. Only relevant if arg is a str or path-lib.Path. Must be one of ('r', 'rb'). (Default value = 'r')

Returns Altered self

Return type *PipelineNodeFactory*

stdout(*arg, mode='w'*)

Sets the stdout stream factory (in-place)

Parameters

- **arg** (*str*, *pathlib.Path*, *StreamFactory*, or *None*) – If arg is an str or *pathlib.Path*, it is treated as a filename and stdout will write to that file.

If arg is a *StreamFactory* it is used directly to create streams for stdout.

If *None*, stdout writes to *os.devnull*

- **mode** – The mode in which to open the file, if opened. Only relevant if arg is a str or *pathlib.Path*. Must be one of ('w', 'wb', 'a', 'ab'). (Default value = 'w')

Returns Altered self

Return type *PipelineNodeFactory*

5.3 shtk.PipelineProcessFactory

class *shkt.PipelineProcessFactory*(*args, env=None, cwd=None, close_fds=True)

Bases: *shkt.PipelineNodeFactory.PipelineNodeFactory*

Template for a *PipelineProcess* which runs a command as a subprocess

Parameters

- ***args** (*list of str or pathlib.Path*) – The command to run and its arguments for the instantiated *PipelineProcess* instances.
- **environment** (*dict*) – The environment variables to use for the instantiated *PipelineProcess* instances (Default value = {}).
- **cwd** (*str or pathlib.Path*) – The current working directory for the instantiated *PipelineProcess* instances (Default value = *None*).
- **close_fds** (*bool*) – If true, *close_fds* will be passed to the equivalent of *subprocess.Popen()*.

async build(*job*, *stdin_stream=None*, *stdout_stream=None*, *stderr_stream=None*)

Creates and executes *PipelineNode*'s and self-defined *StreamFactories*

If *self.std{in,out,err}_factory* is defined, it is passed to the child as the preferred stream. Otherwise the *std{in,out,err}_stream* parameters are used.

Parameters

- **job** (*Job*) – job from which to pull environment variables, current working directory, etc.
- **stdin_stream** (*Stream*) – Stream instance to pass to *PipelineNode* as stdin
- **stdout_stream** (*Stream*) – Stream instance to pass to *PipelineNode* as stdout
- **stderr_stream** (*Stream*) – Stream instance to pass to *PipelineNode* as stderr

Returns The constructed *PipelineNode* instance

Return type *PipelineNode*

async build_inner(*job*, *stdin_stream*, *stdout_stream*, *stderr_stream*)

Instantiates a *PipelineProcess*

stderr(*arg*, *mode='w'*)

Sets the stderr stream factory (in-place)

Parameters

- **arg** (*str*, *pathlib.Path*, *StreamFactory*, or *None*) – If arg is an str or *pathlib.Path*, it is treated as a filename and stderr will write to that file.

If arg is a *StreamFactory* it is used directly to create streams for stderr.

If *None*, stderr writes to *os.devnull*

- **mode** – The mode in which to open the file, if opened. Only relevant if arg is a str or *pathlib.Path*. Must be one of ('w', 'wb', 'a', 'ab'). (Default value = 'w')

Returns Altered self

Return type *PipelineNodeFactory*

stdin(*arg*, *mode*='r')

Sets the stdin stream factory (in-place)

Parameters

- **arg** (*str*, *pathlib.Path*, *StreamFactory*, or *None*) – If arg is an str or *pathlib.Path*, it is treated as a filename and stdin will be read from that file.

If arg is a *StreamFactory* it is used directly to create streams for stdin.

If *None*, stdin reads from *os.devnull*

- **mode** – The mode in which to open the file, if opened. Only relevant if arg is a str or *pathlib.Path*. Must be one of ('r', 'rb'). (Default value = 'r')

Returns Altered self

Return type *PipelineNodeFactory*

stdout(*arg*, *mode*='w')

Sets the stdout stream factory (in-place)

Parameters

- **arg** (*str*, *pathlib.Path*, *StreamFactory*, or *None*) – If arg is an str or *pathlib.Path*, it is treated as a filename and stdout will write to that file.

If arg is a *StreamFactory* it is used directly to create streams for stdout.

If *None*, stdout writes to *os.devnull*

- **mode** – The mode in which to open the file, if opened. Only relevant if arg is a str or *pathlib.Path*. Must be one of ('w', 'wb', 'a', 'ab'). (Default value = 'w')

Returns Altered self

Return type *PipelineNodeFactory*

PIPELINE NODES

`sh tk.PipelineNodeFactory` subclasses are templates used to define the properties of `sh tk.PipelineNode` instances. `sh tk.PipelineNode` instances are nodes within a directed acyclic graph (DAG) that represent a process pipeline.

The leaf nodes of this DAG are always `PipelineProcess` instances representing an individual process that is part of the pipeline.

`PipelineNode` instances can be used to communicate, start, and stop individual processes within a process pipeline.

`PipelineNode` classes are typically instantiated by other elements of SHTK, rather than being manually instantiated by the end user.

6.1 `sh tk.PipelineNode`

class `sh tk.PipelineNode(event_loop)`

Bases: `abc.ABC`

Abstract base class for subprocess management nodes

children

children of this node

Type list of `PipelineNode`

stdin_stream

Stream to use for stdin

Type None or *Stream*

stdout_stream

Stream to use for stdout

Type None or *Stream*

stderr_stream

Stream to use for stderr

Type None or *Stream*

async classmethod create(*args, **kwargs)

Instantiates and runs the node

Parameters

- ***args** – passed to the constructor
- ****kwargs** – passed to the constructor

Returns The instantiated and run node.

Return type *PipelineNode*

async run()

Runs the process

flatten_children()

Flattens the PipelineNode DAG into a list of PipelineProcess objects using a depth-first search.

Returns All child PipelineProcess nodes

Return type list of PipelineProcess

send_signal(*signum*)

Sends a signal to all child ProcessNode processes.

Parameters **signum** (*int*) – the signal to send.

terminate()

Sends a signal.SIGTERM to all child ProcessNode processes.

kill()

Sends a signal.SIGKILL to all child ProcessNode processes.

async poll_async(*ret*)

Gets the return codes of all child ProcessNodes

Parameters **ret** (*list of [int, None]*) – a list that will be modified to contain a collection of return codes from flattened child ProcessNodes. Child processes that have exited will be represented by their return code. Child processes that have not exited will be represented by None.

poll(*timeout=1e-06*)

Synchronous wrapper for poll_async(). Gets the return codes of all child ProcessNodes.

Returns

A list containing return codes from flattened child ProcessNodes. Child processes that have exited will be represented by their integer return code. Child processes that have not exited will be represented by None.

Return type list of (int or None)

async wait_async()

Waits for and retrieves the return codes of all child ProcessNodes.

Returns A list of return codes from a flattened collection of child processes.

Return type list of int

wait()

Synchronous wrapper for wait_async().

Returns A list of return codes from a flattened collection of child processes.

Return type list of int

6.2 shtk.PipelineChannel

class `shtk.PipelineChannel(event_loop, left, right)`

Bases: `shtk.PipelineNode.PipelineNode`

Represents a pipeline of commands

Parameters

- **left** (`PipelineNode`) – A PipelineNode whose stdout is (usually) fed to right
- **right** (`PipelineNode`) – A PipelineNode whose stdin is (usually) read from left

left

The left PipelineNode

Type `PipelineNode`

right

The right PipelineNode

Type `PipelineNode`

async classmethod `create(*args, **kwargs)`

Instantiates and runs the node

Parameters

- ***args** – passed to the constructor
- ****kwargs** – passed to the constructor

Returns The instantiated and run node.

Return type `PipelineNode`

flatten_children()

Flattens the PipelineNode DAG into a list of PipelineProcess objects using a depth-first search.

Returns All child PipelineProcess nodes

Return type list of PipelineProcess

kill()

Sends a signal.SIGKILL to all child ProcessNode processes.

poll(timeout=1e-06)

Synchronous wrapper for poll_async(). Gets the return codes of all child ProcessNodes.

Returns

A list containing return codes from flattened child ProcessNodes. Child processes that have exited will be represented by their integer return code. Child processes that have not exited will be represented by None.

Return type list of (int or None)

async poll_async(ret)

Gets the return codes of all child ProcessNodes

Parameters **ret** (*list of [int, None]*) – a list that will be modified to contain a collection of return codes from flattened child ProcessNodes. Child processes that have exited will be represented by their return code. Child processes that have not exited will be represented by None.

async run()

Runs the process

send_signal(*signum*)

Sends a signal to all child ProcessNode processes.

Parameters **signum** (*int*) – the signal to send.

terminate()

Sends a signal.SIGTERM to all child ProcessNode processes.

wait()

Synchronous wrapper for wait_async().

Returns A list of return codes from a flattened collection of child processes.

Return type list of int

async wait_async()

Waits for and retrieves the return codes of all child ProcessNodes.

Returns A list of return codes from a flattened collection of child processes.

Return type list of int

6.3 shtk.PipelineProcess

class shtk.PipelineProcess(*event_loop, cwd, args, env, stdin_stream, stdout_stream, stderr_stream, user=None, group=None, close_fds=True*)

Bases: [*shtk.PipelineNode.PipelineNode*](#)

An interface representing subprocesses.

Parameters

- **cwd** (*str or pathlib.Path*) – The current working directory
- **args** (*list of str or pathlib.Path*) – The arguments for the process (including the base command).
- **env** (*dict of str*) – The environment variables for the process
- **stdin_stream** (*Stream*) – The Stream whose .reader() is used as stdin
- **stdout_stream** (*Stream*) – The Stream whose .writer() is used as stdout
- **stderr_stream** (*Stream*) – The Stream whose .writer() is used as stderr
- **user** (*None, int, or str*) – The user to pass to asyncio.create_subprocess_exec(). Requires Python >= 3.9.
- **group** (*None, int, or str*) – The group to pass to asyncio.create_subprocess_exec(). Requires Python >= 3.9.
- **close_fds** (*bool*) – If true, close_fds will be passed to the equivalent of subprocess.Popen().

Raises **AssertionError** – When len(args) <= 0

async run()

Runs the process using asyncio.create_subprocess_exec()

async classmethod create(*args, **kwargs)

Instantiates and runs the node

Parameters

- ***args** – passed to the constructor
- ****kwargs** – passed to the constructor

Returns The instantiated and run node.

Return type *PipelineNode*

flatten_children()

Flattens the PipelineNode DAG into a list of PipelineProcess objects using a depth-first search.

Returns All child PipelineProcess nodes

Return type list of PipelineProcess

kill()

Sends a signal.SIGKILL to all child ProcessNode processes.

poll(timeout=1e-06)

Synchronous wrapper for poll_async(). Gets the return codes of all child ProcessNodes.

Returns

A list containing return codes from flattened child ProcessNodes. Child processes that have exited will be represented by their integer return code. Child processes that have not exited will be represented by None.

Return type list of (int or None)

async poll_async(ret)

Gets the return codes of all child ProcessNodes

Parameters **ret** (*list of [int, None]*) – a list that will be modified to contain a collection of return codes from flattened child ProcessNodes. Child processes that have exited will be represented by their return code. Child processes that have not exited will be represented by None.

send_signal(signum)

Sends a signal to all child ProcessNode processes.

Parameters **signum** (*int*) – the signal to send.

terminate()

Sends a signal.SIGTERM to all child ProcessNode processes.

wait()

Synchronous wrapper for wait_async().

Returns A list of return codes from a flattened collection of child processes.

Return type list of int

async wait_async()

Waits for and retrieves the return codes of all child ProcessNodes.

Returns A list of return codes from a flattened collection of child processes.

Return type list of int

EXCEPTIONS

shtk defines certain custom exceptions to indicate when certain events occur.

7.1 `shtk.NonzeroExitCodeException`

class `shtk.NonzeroExitCodeException`(*processes*)

Bases: `Exception`

Raised when a process within an SHTK job exits with a nonzero return code.

Parameters `processes` (*list*) – The `PipelineProcess` instances to include in the error message

args

with_traceback()

`Exception.with_traceback(tb)` – set `self.__traceback__` to `tb` and return `self`.

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